Verb Tenses

Explanation

Tense refers to the form a verb takes in a sentence, whether to express the present, past or future.

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**Progressive Tenses**

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**Simple Tenses**

Present

The present tense indicates that an action is taking place at the time you express it, or an action that occurs regularly.

- We wear organic cotton shirts [an action taking place when it is expressed].
- I watch the documentary on PBS each Sunday night [an action that occurs regularly].

Past

The past tense indicates that an action is completed and has already taken place.

- Martin Luther King, Jr. gave his most famous speech in 1963 [an action completed in the past].
- As a girl, she wondered how her college degree would help her career [an action that occurred once or many times in the past but did not extend to the present].

Future

The future tense indicates that an action will or is likely to take place.

- Later today I will rinse the dishes [a future action that will definitely occur].
- The defendant probably will plead innocent [a future action that is likely to occur].

…connections…

For more help identifying subjects and verbs, turn to Subjects, Verbs & Clauses.
**Perfect Tenses**
Perfect tenses designate actions that were or will be completed before other actions. You can form the perfect tenses with the appropriate tense form of the helping, or auxiliary, verb *have* plus the past participle.

**Present perfect**
The present perfect tense indicates that an action is taking place at the time you express it, or an action that occurs regularly.

- *We have worn* organic cotton shirts [an action that began in the past and is finished at the present].
- *She has donated* extensively to UNICEF [an action that began in the past and extends into the present].

**Past perfect**
The past perfect tense indicates an action occurring before a certain time in the past.

- *By 1995, Doctor Harvey had built* the first artificial brain.

**Future perfect**
The future perfect tense indicates that an action will be finished by a certain time.

- *By Thursday, the President will have apologized* for his mistake.

**Progressive Tenses**
The progressive tenses express continuing action. You can form them with the appropriate tense of the verb *be* plus the present participle.

**Present progressive**
The present progressive tense indicates that something is happening at the time you express it.

- *The worker is hammering*, and her foreman *is watching* lazily.

**Past progressive**
The past progressive tense indicates two kinds of past action.

- *Poe’s writing was becoming* increasingly bizarre and dark [a continuing action in the past].
- *The mob tackled Jean-Luc Goddard while he was introducing* the film [an action occurring at the same time in the past as another action].

**Future progressive**
The future progressive tense indicates a continuing in the future.

- *The government will be monitoring* the phones in the lab.
Present perfect progressive
The present perfect progressive tense indicates action continuing from the past into the present and possibly into the future.

- The teacher has been grading since yesterday afternoon.

Past perfect progressive
The past perfect progressive tense indicates that a past action went on until another occurred.

- Before her promotion, Nico had been working on restoring open space on campus.

Future perfect progressive
The future perfect progressive tense indicates that an action will continue until a certain future time.

- On Tuesday I will have been working on this paper for six weeks.


Exercise 1 – Simple Past Tense
Fill in each blank with the correct past tense form of the verb provided.

Example:
PLAY  We played dodgeball all afternoon.

FRY 1. We fried the fish we caught in the lake.

STUDY 2. All of us studied hard for the physics exam.

CRY 3. Mary cried on his shoulder all through the movie.

MARRY 4. She married him on Tuesday and played slots that night.

TRY 5. Fred tried to get in the concert by posing as a security guard.

SHOP 6. I shopped for all of my birthday presents at the art fair.

ADMIT 7. No one admitted that he was tired.

PLAN 8. Marty and Isabel planned their marriage simply and loosely.

TERRIFY 9. The fireworks terrified the younger children.

COMPILE 10. The assistants compiled the materials into a great handbook.
Exercise 2 – Simple Past Tense

In each of the following sentences, underline any verbs that should have –ed or –d endings and supply the missing letters. Watch for time expressions (last week, yesterday, years ago) that indicate past time.

incorrect: The committee vote to adjourn yesterday.
correct: The committee voted to adjourn yesterday.

1. The driver ask for the exact fare last week.

2. Oliver use to live in Berkeley when he was a college student.

3. Katerina studied all the time and so she graduate from college last year.

4. College students are suppose to attend every class meeting.

5. Last Sunday, Laura listen to the drummers in the park.

6. Until I started school, I work twenty hours per week and study the rest of the time.

7. Finally Gayle’s cat return home.

8. Several years ago I witness a crime and identify the criminal.

Exercise 3 – Perfect Tenses

Use the perfect tense to fill in the blank using the same time period (past, present, future) as the sample.

Example: Joan licks the popsicle. (present tense)

Joan has licked the popsicle. (present perfect tense)

(Remember: Perfect tenses for the verb to run are:
Present: she has run
Past: she had run
Future: she will have run)

1. Eric took piano lessons.

Eric ____________________ piano lessons since he was ten years old.

2. Tara raises as many children as she can.

Tara _______________ as many children as she can.

3. Bill, on the other hand, will join the Coast Guard.

Bill, on the other hand, ____________________ the Coast Guard.

4. Alyssa gives a drawing to each of her friends.

Alyssa ____________________ a drawing to each of her friends.

5. Chickens pecked at bugs and fruit in the garden.

Chickens ____________________ at bugs and fruit in the garden.

6. Each egg will travel a thousand miles before it lands on her lap.

Each egg ____________________ a thousand miles before it lands on her lap.

7. The wings had plenty of room to spread.

The wings ______________ plenty of room to spread.

8. Madison collects the hay in the morning after breakfast.

Madison ____________________ the hay in the morning after breakfast.
Exercise 4 – Progressive Tenses

In the following sentences, change the simple tense verbs to progressive tense verbs using the same time period (present, past, future). Avoid the perfect tense for this exercise.

Example: Martians land on the planet Earth. (present)

Martians **are landing** on the planet Earth. (present progressive)

(Remember: Progresssive tenses for the verb to run are:
Present: she *is running*
Past: she *was running*
Future: she *will be running*)

1. Ferdinand **scoffed** when his friends all left for college.
   Ferdinand __________________ when his friends all left for college.

2. He **enjoys** his flowers, vegetables and herbs.
   He _________________________ his flowers, vegetables and herbs.

3. The pumpkins **ripened** too long last year.
   The pumpkins ____________________ too long last year.

4. His friends **will call** at the next holiday or break.
   His friends ______________________ at the next holiday or break.

5. Ferdinand **answers** the phone saying “What?”
   Ferdinand _______________________ the phone saying “What?”

6. He **screened** his calls last week to avoid bill collectors.
   He ________________________ his calls last week to avoid bill collectors.

7. His money **goes** under his mattress until he needs it.
   His money ___________________ under his mattress until he needs it.

8. He **will go fishing** next week if he gets his license.
   He _________________________ next week if he gets his license.